

18

LOTTERIES



Principle

The rules in this section are designed to ensure that marketing communications for lotteries are socially responsible, with particular regard to the need to protect children, young persons under 18 and other vulnerable persons from being harmed or exploited by advertising that features or promotes lotteries. It should be noted, however, that the minimum age limit for purchasing National Lottery products and participating in society lotteries is 16.

Background

This section applies to the marketing communications of the National Lottery and ‘large’ society lotteries licensed and regulated by the Gambling Commission and in the case of ‘small’ society lotteries those promoters registered with local authorities in England and Wales or licensing boards in Scotland.

This section also applies to marketing communications for lottery products that are licensed and regulated by the Gambling Commission for National Lottery products.

The UK National Lottery may be advertised under The National Lottery etc Act 1993 (as amended). Society lotteries are promoted under the requirements of the Gambling Act 2005.

Rules

18.1 Radio Central Copy Clearance - Radio broadcasters must ensure that advertisements subject to this section are centrally cleared.

Rules for all advertisements

18.2 Advertisements must not:

- 18.2.1** portray, condone or encourage gambling behaviour that is socially irresponsible or could lead to financial, social or emotional harm
- 18.2.2** suggest that participating in a lottery can provide an escape from personal, professional or educational problems such as loneliness or depression
- 18.2.3** suggest that participating in a lottery can be a solution to financial concerns, an alternative to employment or a way to achieve financial security. Advertisers may, however, refer to other benefits of winning a prize

- 18.2.4 portray participating in a lottery as indispensable or as taking priority in life, for example, over family, friends or professional or educational commitments
- 18.2.5 suggest peer pressure to participate in a lottery or disparage abstention
- 18.2.6 suggest that participating in a lottery can enhance personal qualities; for example, that it can improve self-image or self-esteem, or is a way to gain control, superiority, recognition or admiration
- 18.2.7 link participating in a lottery to seduction, sexual success or enhanced attractiveness
- 18.2.8 portray participation in a lottery in a context of toughness or link it to resilience or recklessness
- 18.2.9 suggest participation in a lottery is a rite of passage
- 18.2.10 suggest that solitary gambling is preferable to social gambling.

Rules for lottery advertisements

- 18.3 Advertisements for lotteries that can be participated in only by entering gambling premises must make that condition clear.
- 18.4 Advertisements for lotteries must not exploit the susceptibilities, aspirations, credulity, inexperience or lack of knowledge of under-18s or other vulnerable persons.
- 18.5 Advertisements for lotteries must not be likely to be of particular appeal to under-18s, especially by reflecting or being associated with youth culture. Please refer to Section 32 for scheduling restrictions.
- 18.6 Advertisements for lotteries may include under-18s. No-one who is, or seems to be, under 25 years old may be featured gambling or playing a significant role.
- 18.7 Advertisements that exclusively feature the good causes that benefit from a lottery and include no explicit encouragement to buy a lottery product may include under-18s in a significant role.
- 18.8 Advertisements for lotteries must not exploit cultural beliefs or traditions about gambling or luck.
- 18.9 Advertisements for lotteries must not condone or encourage criminal or anti-social behaviour.

- 18.10** Advertisements for lotteries must not condone or feature gambling in a working environment (an exception exists for workplace lottery syndicates and gambling premises).