SECTION 14: FINANCIAL PRODUCTS, SERVICES AND INVESTMENTS

Question 88: Do you agree that rule 14.7.5 makes clearer the requirement that the nature of the relation between interest rate and variable be stated? If your answer is no, please explain why.

interest rate and variable be stated: If your answer is no, piease explain why.				
Responses received	Summaries of significant points:	BCAP's evaluation of those points and action		
in favour of BCAP's		points:		
proposal from:	1. Charity Law Association			
	Yes. Even greater clarification might be achieved	See below.		
The Advertising	by adding the word "variable" so that the new rules			
Association; Asda;	reads "14.7.5 if interest rates are calculated by			
Charity Law	reference to an external variable index or rate that			
Association; three	fact must be stated clearly." This does reintroduce			
organisations	the very word that was confusing in the old rule,			
requesting	but in the new context is perhaps no longer			
confidentiality	confusing, and instead us useful clarification.			
Responses received	Summaries of significant points:	BCAP's evaluation of those points and action		
against BCAP's		points:		
proposal:				
	1. An organisation requesting confidentiality	1.		
An organisation	We consider that rule 14.7.5 is not clear and will	BCAP took advice from the FSA, which		
requesting	not provide the outcome intended by BCAP.	introduced new conduct rules for retail banking		
confidentiality	Interest on some savings products is calculated by	services on 1 November 2009.		
	reference to an external rate. However a change in	TI 50A		
	the external rate does not automatically trigger a	The FSA considers that the present rule should		
	change in the products interest rate. Furthermore if	be retained, because consumers understand the		
	the product interest rate does change it may not	term 'variable' and the rule is consistent with the		
	change by the same margin as the external rate.	provision in the FSA's BCOBS that requires		
	Therefore the complexity of some products is not	advertisements to state that interest rates may be		
	reflected within the wording of rule 14.7.5. We	subject to change in future.		
	believe that the inclusion of rule 14.7.5 will			

	severely limit our and others ability to promote savings products. In addition The British Bankers Association's Code of Conduct for the advertising of interest bearing accounts S9(b) requires a statement that the rate is subject to variation where applicable. This requirement therefore appears inconsistent with the removal of the existing BCAP rule 9.7(d). For these reasons we believe the existing rule 9.7(d) should remain without amendment.	comments, BCAP is content to maintain the
An organisation requesting confidentiality	2. An organisation requesting confidentiality We are not convinced that the proposed rule is sufficient to ensure that consumers know when an interest rate is not fixed. As drafted, the proposed rule only requires a clear statement if rates are calculated with reference to an external index or rate. But the proposed Code appears to be silent on instances where rates can vary, but without direct reference to any such external factors.	See above.

Question 89:

i) Taking into account BCAP's policy consideration, do you agree that BCAP's rules on financial products, services and investments are necessary and easily understandable? If your answer is no, please explain why?

ii)	On consideration of the mapping document in Annex 2, can you identify any changes from the present to	
	the proposed rules that are likely to amount to a significant change in advertising policy and practice, are	
	not reflected here and that should be retained or otherwise be given dedicated consideration?	

iii) Do you have other comments on this section?

Responses received from:	Summaries of significant points:	BCAP's evaluation of those points and action points:
Advertising Association; Asda; Charity Law Association; three organisations requesting confidentiality	 i) The Advertising Association, Asda, the Charity Law Association and three organisations requesting confidentiality agreed that BCAP's rules on financial products, services and investments were necessary and easily understandable. ii) No respondent identified changes from the present to the proposed rules that were likely to amount to a significant change in advertising policy and practice that had not been reflected in the consultation document. 	BCAP welcomes respondents' comments.
Which?	iii) Which?: In personal finance, responsibility for advertising is fairly complex. In most product areas, including investments (including pensions), mortgages and insurance, the advertising is controlled by the FSA based on rules in the Conduct of Business handbooks. In contrast, most consumer credit adverts are dealt with by the OFT and fall under Consumer Credit legislation. However, there is a role for the Codes, particularly in terms of non broadcast credit or loan products. We have, on	The general rule on social responsibility is sufficient to secure the objective. The ASA adjudication on Picture Loans indicates its stance on unwise styles of borrowing. CAP and the ASA have contributed to OFT work on "irresponsible lending" separately to ensure a joined up regulatory approach to consumer lending.

numerous occasions, highlighted in the magazine a number of examples of bad practice and we believe that the Code could do more to promote responsible lending practices. As stated, our key wish in this area is that we would like the Code to pay particular attention to the issue of responsible lending. As a general point, we believe all marketing of credit must be 'socially responsible' and should 'contain nothing that is likely to lead people to adopt styles of borrowing that are unwise'. In this context, 'unwise' could be further defined as 'a lack of judgment', 'imprudent', 'incautious' or 'rash'.